## IRRIGATED LANDS

Laws and Regulations Yolo County Department of Agriculture

## SURFACE WATER REGULATIONS

- Dormant Insecticide Contamination Prevention
  - CCR 6960
    - The operator of the property shall meet **at least one** of the following requirements when making dormant applications
      - 1) Only apply a dormant oil or a biocontrol agent; or
      - 2) Only apply to a hydrologically isolated site; or
      - 3) Divert any runoff with an on-farm recirculating system and/or contain and hold any runoff for 72 hours before releasing into a sensitive aquatic site

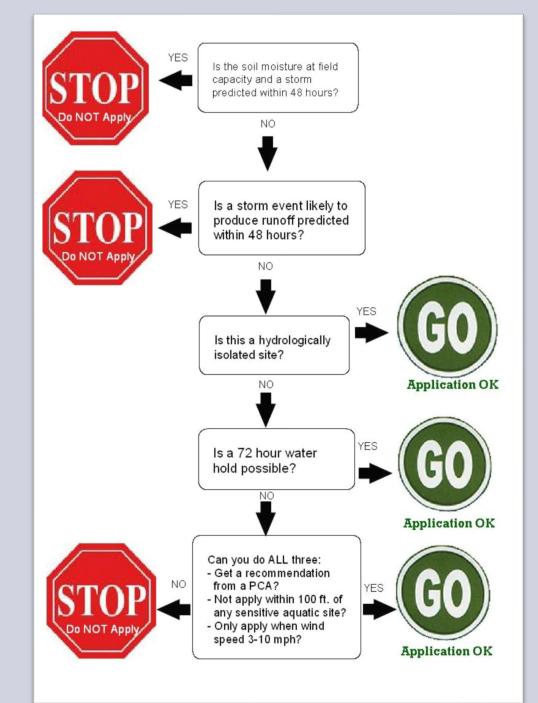
## SURFACE WATER REGULATIONS

- Dormant Insecticide Contamination Prevention
  - CCR 6960
    - If **none of the requirements** in subsection (a) **can be met**, the following dormant insecticide application restrictions shall apply:
      - A written rec from a PCA
      - The application shall not be made within 100 feet of any sensitive aquatic site
      - The wind speed shall be **3-10 mph**

## SURFACE WATER REGULATIONS

- Dormant Insecticide Contamination Prevention
  - CCR 6960
    - Aerial applications of dormant insecticides shall only be allowed if:
      - Soil conditions do not allow field entry
      - All items listed on the previous slide (subsection b) are met
  - No dormant insecticide application shall occur if:
    - Soil moisture is at field capacity and a storm event will occur within 48 hours; or
    - A storm event likely to occur within 48 hours and it will likely produce runoff

# SUMMARY OF Dormant Requirements



## CONDITIONS



- Dormant Applications- Condition #10
  - Dormant or delayed dormant applications of insecticides which are toxic to honeybees shall not be made after January 31
    - Exceptions must be authorized by the Ag. Commissioner.
  - No application of an insecticide which is toxic to honeybees shall take place if there are any **blooming plants in the orchard or in close proximity to the application site**
  - All label restrictions shall be followed
- Materials Harmful to Honeybees- Condition #9
  - New neonic regulations
    - CCR 6990-6996
  - Prior to applying pesticides which are toxic to honeybees to a blossoming plant, the person performing the pest control shall inquire with the Ag. Commissioner if apiaries are located within one mile
    - Person performing the pest control shall notify beekeepers at least
       48 hours prior to the application

### Top Five Neonicotinoid Products for Each Active Ingredient Production Agricultural Use (excluding nursery stock) by Number of Applications, 2018-2022:

**Note:** The identification of these products is intended for educational purposes only to inform growers and applicators of the most commonly used pesticide products that would be are subject to DPR's neonicotinoid regulations and was compiled using publicly available data.

#### Clothianidin

#### 1. Belay Insecticide (EPA Registration No. 59639-150-AA)

- Nipsit Vegetables Insecticide (EPA registration No. 59639-151-ZA)
- 3. Belay 50WDG Insecticide (EPA Registration No. 59639-152-ZA)
- Clutch 50 WDG Insecticide (EPA Registration No. 59639-152-AA)
- Belay 16 WSG Insecticide (EPA Registration No. 59639-153-AA)

#### Dinotefuran

- 1. Venom Insecticide (EPA Registration No. 59639-135-AA)
- 2. Scorpion 35 SL Insecticide (EPA Registration No. 10163-317-AA)
- 3. Safari 20 SG Insecticide (EPA Registration No. 86203-11-AA-59639)
- 4. Venom 20 SG Insecticide (EPA Registration No. 33657-17-AA-59639)
- Safari 2 G Insecticide (EPA Registration No. 59639-149-AA)

#### Imidacloprid:

- 1. Admire Pro Systemic Protectant (EPA Registration No. 264-827-ZA)
- 2. Wrangler Insecticide
- (EPA Registration No. 34704-931-AA)
- 3. Leverage 360 Insecticide (EPA Registration No. 264-1104-AA)
- Nuprid 2SC Soil/Foliar Insecticide (EPA Registration No. 228-572-AA)
- 5. Macho 4.0 (EPA Registration No. 42750-140-ZA)

#### Thiamethoxam:

- 1. Actara (EPA Registration No. 100-938-ZA)
- 2. Platinum 75SG

(EPA Registration No. 100-1291-AA and 100-1291-ZA)

3. Endigo ZC

(EPA Registration No. 100-1276-AA and 100-1276-ZA)

- Agri-Flex Miticide/Insecticide (EPA Registration No. 100-1350-AA and 100-1350-ZA)
- 5. Voliam Flexi

#### THE REGULATIONS — ORGANIZED BY CROP GROUPS

The regulations are organized based on crop groupings found in Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations section 180.41(c). The regulations are based on a crop group's relative attractiveness to pollinators and on agricultural practices, such as harvesting crops before bloom. Typically, pollinators are most attracted to crops when they are in "bloom." For most crops, "bloom" is defined in the regulations as the period from the onset of f lowering until petal fall is complete. For citrus in a Citrus/Bee Protection Area (Fresno, Kern, and Tulare counties) the bloom period is defined in 3 CCR section 6984(b).

In general, each crop group has one to three types of restrictions proposed (e.g. prohibition of application, seasonal cap, and application rate and timing specifications).

Crops normally harvested <u>before</u> bloom		Crops normally harvested <u>after b</u> loom		Other crops where DPR was unable to determine applications that are low risk to pollinators		
a.	When the crop is harvested before bloom,	a.	Use is prohibited during bloom.		a.	Use is prohibited during bloom.
	the crop is not subject to the article. Follow label instructions.	b.	Additional use restrictions if multiple AIs or both soil and		b.	Only one neonicotinoid AI is permitted per growing season.
b.			foliar application methods are used on the crop during the growing season.		c.	Only one application method (soil or foliar) is permitted per growing season.
		c.	Additional use restrictions if managed pollinators will be used with the crop during the growing season.		d.	If managed pollinators will be used with the crop, neonicotinoid use is prohibited.
		d.	Additional restrictions for certain crops.			p. 0.101000

#### EXEMPTIONS FROM THE REGULATIONS - Section 6990(c)

- 1. An application made to an agricultural commodity grown inside an enclosed space, insect exclusionary structure/netting
- 2. An application made to address a local emergency or to control a quarantine pest
- 3. An application allowed under an active "Section 18" Emergency Exemption
- 4. An application authorized for research purposes to support a proposed amendment to these regulations

#### The product labeling must still be followed!

## IRRIGATION PRACTICES AFTER PESTICIDE APPLICATIONS

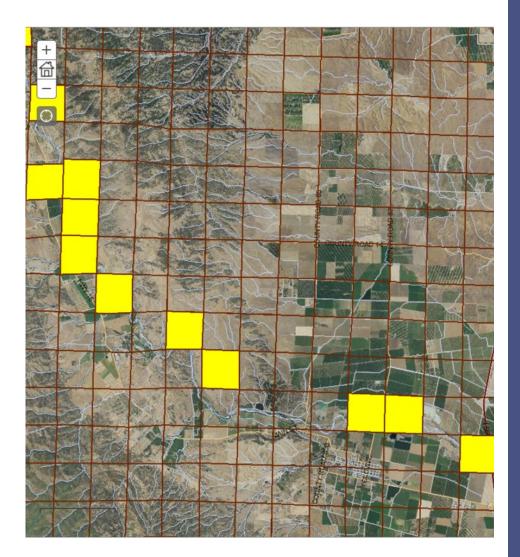
- Certain soil types increase the likelihood of leaching or runoff
  - Coarse soils- Leaching
  - Hardpan or fine texture- Runoff
- Mechanisms to groundwater pollutants are excess irrigation and rainfall
  - Watch for rainfall events
  - Do not over irrigate beyond field capacity
- IPM practices
  - Vegetative strips
    - Preventing runoff

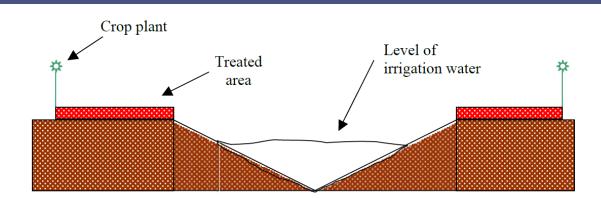
## GROUND WATER REGULATIONS

- CCR 6800- Groundwater Protection List (summarized)
  - Pesticides that contain any of the following chemicals are designated as having to pollute ground water (FAC 13149):
    - Atrazine
    - Simazine
    - Diuron
    - Other chemicals identified (FAC 13145 (d)) to pollute groundwater or soil (Summarized List)
      - Carbaryl
      - Methomyl
      - 2,4-D (various formulations)
      - Dicamba
      - Triclopyr
      - Thiobencarb
      - Rimsulfuron

### GWPA

- GWPA conditions for sites located within
  - Runoff
  - Leaching
  - Notified at permit renewal
    - Complete form and choose a management practice to comply with CCR 6487.4 & 6487.5



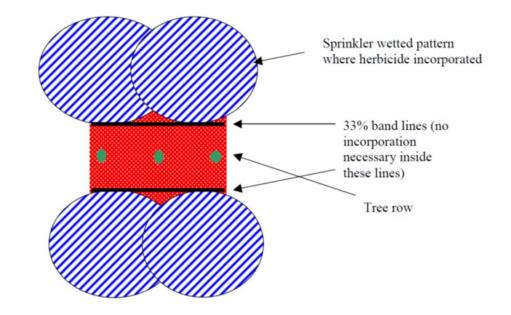


## GWPA

- Chemicals listed on 6800(a)
  - Pre-emergent listed on previous slide
- Leaching
  - No irrigation water for 6 months
  - Bed or berm applications must be made above the level of irrigation water (furrow) for 6 months (pictured)
  - Irrigation shall be managed, ratio of irrigation water/net requirement is 1.33 or less, for 6 months

## GWPA

- Chemicals listed on 6800(a)
  - Pre-emergent listed on previous slide
- Runoff
  - Soil disturbance, prior to pesticide application
  - Incorporation of the pesticide within 48 hours
  - Band treatment (pictured)
  - Applications between April 1-July 31
  - Irrigation and precipitation runoff retention, 6 months following the application
  - Runoff onto a fallow field, managed for 6 months

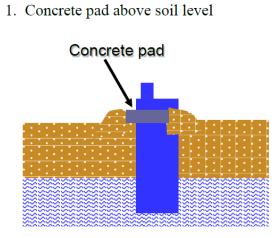


### WELLHEAD PROTECTION CCR 6609

- Runoff should not contact or collect around the well
- Berms should be created to prevent surface water from collecting around the well



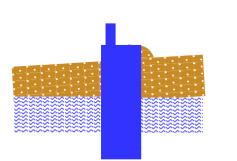
### **Examples of berms**

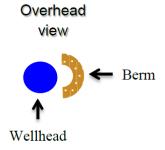


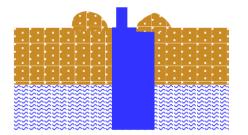
2. Concrete pad at same level as soil

Concrete pad

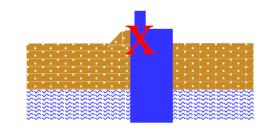
#### 4. On sloped ground, berm may only be needed on upslope side.







3. Berm with no concrete pad



4. Berm should not touch casing or pump.

### WELLHEAD PROTECTION

- If the wellhead is **not protected** 
  - The owner <u>shall not do any of the</u> <u>following within 100 feet</u>
    - Mix, Load, and/or store pesticides.
    - Rinse spray equipment
    - Rinse pesticide containers
    - Maintain equipment in a manner that could cause a spill
    - Apply any pre-emergent listed in 6800



### WELLHEAD PROTECTION

- Groundwater pollutant materials should not be applied within 100 feet of a wellhead
  - CCR 6800 (a) &(b)
    - Diuron, Atrazine, Simazine
    - (b)- commonly used RM chemicals
      - 2,4-D
      - Thiobencarb
      - Rimsulfuron
      - Dicamba
      - Carbaryl
      - Methomyl

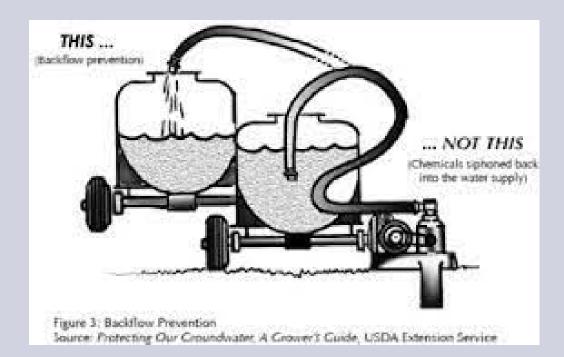


### WELLHEAD PROTECTION

- Well owners may apply <u>preemergent pesticides</u> that are not included in the Ground Water Protection List between a berm and the wellhead or within 100 feet of an unprotected- these are <u>not considered mobile or persistent</u>:
  - Oxyfluorfen (Goal and GoalTender)
  - Pendimethalin (Pendulum and Prowl)
  - Flumioxazin (Chateau and Payload)
  - Prodiamine (Barricade and Endurance)
  - Oxadiazon (Rhonstar and PrePair)

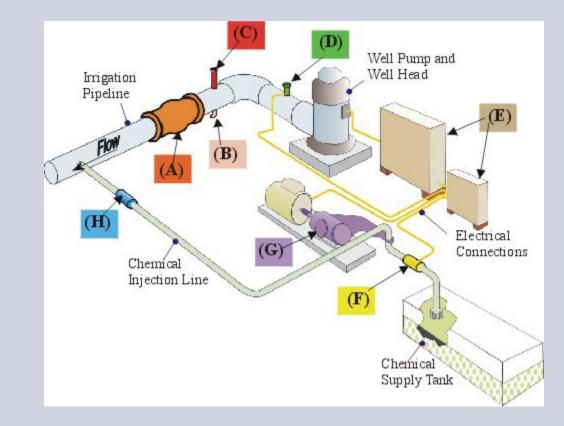
## BACKFLOW PREVENTION CCR 6610

- Each service rig and piece of application equipment that handles pesticides and draws water from an outside source shall be equipped with:
  - an air-gap separation



### BACKFLOW PREVENTION

- Backflow prevention device
- Double check valve assembly (A-Pictured)



## PREVENTING DRIFT AND RUNOFF

- Drift- Movement of pesticide through the air away from the intended target
- Site Evaluation
  - Based on application equipment
  - Weather
  - Site to be treated
  - Surrounding area
    - Sensitive Site
- Violations
  - CCR 6614- Protection of persons, animals or property
    - Likelihood of harm or damage
      - Damage to nontarget crops, animals, public or private property
      - Creation of a health hazard
      - Contamination of bodies or clothing not involved in the application
  - FAC 12973
    - Label requirements
      - Wind speed
      - Environmental hazards

### LABEL REVIEW- ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS



### Herbicide

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

oxyfluorfen: 2-chloro-1-(3-ethoxy-4-nitrophenoxy)4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene	22.3%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	77.7%
TOTAL:	100.0%

Contains 2 pounds active ingredient per gallon. Contains petroleum distillates

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING / AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

### LABEL REVIEW- ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

### **Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals**

# WARNING

Causes Skin Irritation • Causes Moderate Eye Irritation • Harmful If Swallowed Or Absorbed Through The Skin

Do not get on skin or on clothing. Avoid contact with eyes.

### **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category **G** on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

#### Mixers, loaders and applicators using engineering controls (see Engineering Controls requirements below) must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves (such as Barrier Laminate, Viton) when mixing and loading
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing and loading

#### All other mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves (such as Barrier Laminate, Viton)
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Chemical-resistant apron when exposed to the product concentrate

### PPE

- Coveralls
- Chemical Resistant Footwear
- Chemical Resistant Gloves
- Chemical Resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Chemical Resistant apron when exposed to the concentrate (Mixing)

### LABEL REVIEW- ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

### **Environmental Hazards**

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. See Directions for Use for additional restrictions. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water.

• "Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present.....runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas"

### **Spray Drift Buffer Restrictions**

- A 25 foot vegetative buffer strip must be maintained between all areas treated with this product and lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds.
- Do not allow spray to drift from the application site and contact people, structures people may occupy at any time and the associated property, parks and recreation areas, non-target crops, aquatic and wetland areas, woodlands, pastures, rangelands, or animals.
- For ground boom applications, apply with nozzle height no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy when wind speed is 10 mph or less at the application site as measured by an anemometer.
- Use coarse spray according to ASAE 572 definition for standard nozzles or VMD of 475 microns for spinning atomizer nozzles.
- The applicator also must use all other measures necessary to control drift.
  - 25 foot vegetative buffer between treated areas and lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds..
  - Ground boom- nozzle height no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy when wind speed is 10 mph or less.

# CONDITIONS



- Sensitive Site Buffers- Condition #1
  - Only RMs that are least toxic to humans, fish and wildlife, effective for the control of a given pest, may be allowed in close proximity to environmentally sensitive areas such as:
    - Residential
    - Schools
    - Playgrounds
    - Organic crops
    - Parks
    - Hospitals
    - Shopping centers
    - Occupied labor camps
    - Waterways: estuaries, reservoirs lakes, waterways
  - Air movement shall be away
  - Maximum wind speed of 10 mph
  - Buffer for ground rigs (not airblast)
    - Danger 100 feet
    - Warning/Caution 50 feet

# CONDITIONS

### Condition #1- CA RMs

- Pesticide Applications Near Schoolsites
  - Public schools and licensed daycares
  - Sites identified on your permit
  - Ground Applications:
    - No applications shall be made within ¼ mile of any school while that school is in session
  - Aerial Applications
    - No application shall be made within ¼ mile of any school at anytime
      - Regardless if the school is in session or not

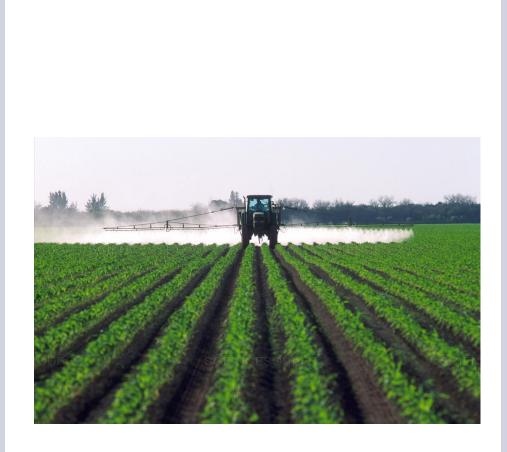
# APPLICATIONS NEAR SCHOOLS CCR 6690-6692

- Pesticide application restrictions will apply Monday through Friday, from 6:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., within a specified distance of a schoolsite:
  - Two types of restriction distances: ¼ mile (1,320 feet) or 25 feet, depending on the type of application equipment used and type of pesticide applied (some application types are prohibited by labels or do not occur)

Dust			
Dace	Fumigant	Granule	All Other Pesticides
¼ mile	Prohibited	Doesn't occur	1⁄4 mile
¼ mile	Prohibited	1⁄4 mile	1⁄4 mile
¼ mile	Prohibited	None	None*
None	Prohibited	None	None
¼ mile	¼ mile	None	25 feet
¼ mile	¼ mile	None	None
None	¼ mile	None	25 feet
Doesn't occur	¼ mile	Doesn't occur	1⁄4 mile
1⁄4 mile	¼ mile	None	25 feet
	½ mile½ mile½ mile¼ mile¼ mile½ mileNoneDoesn't occur¼ mile	½ mileProhibited¼ mileProhibited¼ mileProhibited¼ mile¼ mile¼ mile¼ mile¼ mile¼ mileNone¼ mileDoesn't occur¼ mile¼ mile¼ mile	½ mileProhibited¼ mile¼ mileProhibitedNone№ProhibitedNone№№№<

\*Backpack sprayers that incorporate an airblast sprayer to apply "other" pesticides are prohibited within 1/4 mile.

### PESTICIDE USE MONITORING INSPECTION



STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF PESTICIDE REGUL <b>PESTICIDE USE</b> <b>MONITORING INSPEC</b> PR-ENF-104 (Rev. 01/10) Page 1 of 1		COMPLETE PARTIAL FOLLOW-UP INSPECTION ORIGINAL INSP. #	104-	COUNTY
FIRM / PERSON INSPECTED PROPERTY OPERATOR PROPERTY LOCATION / SITE ID	c	FIRM MAILING ADDRESS         NTERVIEWED       BUSINESS TYPE         YES       NO         Property Operator	PERMIT / OPERATOR ID #	or N/R
• CCR 6434	A. APPLICA COMPLIANCE YES NO N/A	REQUIRE	MENTS	B. Section
<ul> <li>24 hours</li> <li>48 hours- 2,4-D, rice chems, fumigations</li> <li>Submitted by the operator property or licensed pest control business</li> </ul>		<ol> <li>PCB Licensed</li> <li>PCB Registered</li> <li>Labeling Availab</li> <li>Labeling Availab</li> <li>Notice of Intent S</li> <li>Certified Applicat</li> <li>Complies w/Pern</li> <li>Labeling - Site/R</li> <li>Labeling - PPE</li> <li>Regulations - PP</li> </ol>	le at Use Site Submitted tor Sup RM nit Conditions ate/Other	11701 11732 6602 6434 6406 12973 12973 12973 6738 6738

## CCR 6434- NOI

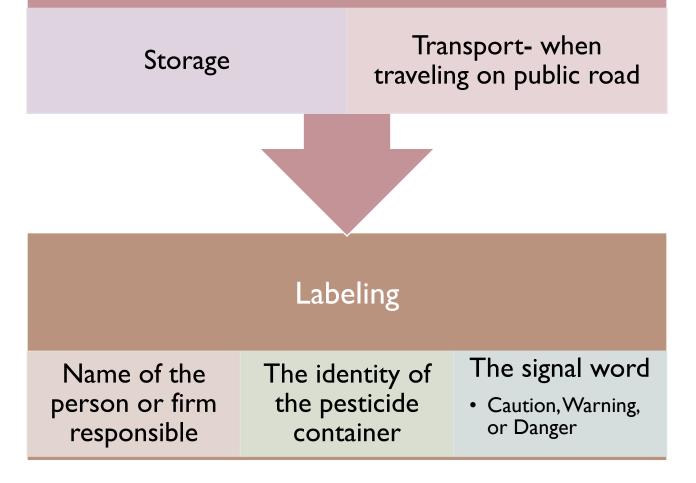
### CAC Perspective

- Evaluate the proposed application to determine if any additional protection or requirements are necessary
- Pre-Site Evaluations- Inspection 102
  - Irrigating
  - Fieldworkers
  - Located near sensitive sites
    - Organic, Schools, Licensed Daycare, etc.
  - Weather

### SERVICE Container Labeling



All containers that holds pesticides shall have the original label or service container labeling



## CCR 6724- HANDLER TRAINING

- Pesticide trainer must have QAC, QAL, PAC, or PCA license
- Employer must have a <u>written</u> training program
- Program must include:
  - Pesticide Labels
  - PSIS (Pesticide Safety Information Series)
  - SDS (Safety Data Sheets)

### Maintain records for 2 years!

	(Name of Employer)
This WRITTEN	PROGRAM went into effect on (date):
This WRITTE	N PROGRAM was retired on (date):
at a cent Employe to this w Training updated repeated Training of an ag trainers of The following	of the training program must be maintained while in use and for two years after use, and location at the workplace. Tertaining shall be in a manner the employee can understand, be conducted pursuant ritten training program, and include response to questions. shall be completed before the employee is allowed to handle pesticides, continually to cover any new pesticides that will be handled or training topics to be covered, and a least annually thereafter. for employees handling pesticides used for the commercial or research production risultural commodity must be at a location reasonably free from distraction and must be present throughout the entire presentation.
annual training Circle if	for each pesticide or chemically-similar group of pesticides handled:
applicable	Training Topic
Yes No	Format and meaning of information, such as precautionary statements about human health hazards, contained in pesticide product labeling
Yes No	Applicator's responsibility to protect persons, animals, and property while applying pesticides; and not to apply pesticides in a manner that results in contact with person not involved in the application process
Yes No	Need for, limitations, appropriate use, removal, and sanitation of any required personal protective equipment
Yes No	Safety requirements and procedures, including engineering controls (such as closed mixing systems and enclosed eabs) for handling, transporting, storing, disposing of pesticides, and spill clean-up
Yes No	Where and in what forms pesticides may be encountered, including treated surfaces, residues on clothing, personal protective equipment, application equipment, and drif
Yes No	Hazards of pesticides, including acute, chronic, and delayed effects, and sensitization effects, as identified in pesticide product labeling, Safety Data Sheets, or Pesticide Safety Infomation Series leaflets
Yes No	Routes by which pesticides can enter the body
Yes No Yes No	Signs and symptoms of overexposure Routine decontamination procedures when handling pesticides, including that employees should: A. Wash hands before eating, drinking, using the toilet, cheving gum, or using tobacco: B. Thoroughly wash or shower with scap and water; C. Change into lean clothes as soon as possible; and

## CCR 6724- HANDLER TRAINING

- Annual training for every pesticide handler
- Read the label for each product: Signal word, caution statements, first aid, rate, dilution volume, etc.
- Read accidental for each product: Accidental Release Measures, Toxicity, etc.
- Review PSIS leaflets for general topics
  - Great general training on pesticide safety

### Maintain records for 2 years!

Training is in accor	rdance with En	nployer's Writte	n Handler Tra	ining Program			
Print EMPLOYER's n	ame:		Initial	Annual Training I	Date:		
				TRAINER's name	_		
				er Qualification*:			
ASSIGNED JOB I Mixer/Loader Applicator	Service/Re	Other:		er Lic/Cert #*:			
Title(s) and source(s) o							
* Required for employ							
Pesticide (Attach additional pages if necessary)	READ THE LABEL: Signal word, precationary statements, PPE, first aid, rate, dilution volume	SAFETY REQUIRE- MENTS and procedures, including engineering controls (such as closed mixing systems and enclosed cabs)	HAZARDS OF THE PESTICIDE including acute, chronic, and delayed effects, and sensitization effects from labeling, SDS, or other sources	SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS of overexposure	Trainer Initials	Employee Initials	Date Employ Trained on Pesticid
The employer mu	st keen this recor	d for two years at a	central location	at the workplace a	ccessil	ole to er	pployees

### THANK YOU

### Questions?

Molly Mathews Molly.Mathews@yolocounty.org